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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/541,442	07/06/2005	Olga Malsam	CS-8558/BCS033001	6516
34469 BAYER CROP	7590 04/10/2007 PSCIENCE LP	EXAMINER		
Patent Departm		PESELEV, ELLI		
100 BAYER RO	OAD , PA 15205-9741	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1623	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		04/10/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/541,442	MALSAM ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Elli Peselev	1623			
	- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
		 action is non-final.				
'=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
	on of Claims					
	Claim(s) <u>12-25</u> is/are pending in the application					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
_	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·) Claim(s) <u>12 and 19-25</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) <u>13-18</u> is/are objected to.					
8)[] (Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application	on Papers					
9)□ ⊤	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		yaminer			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti					
	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	_ · · · · -	* *			
		arimer. Note the attached Office	Action of form PTO-152.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
•	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Pa	itent Application			
Patent and Tra	· 					

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The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Omum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 24-25 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-4 of U.S. Patent No. 7,034,130. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claimed compounds read on the patented compounds wherein D is a keto group.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 24-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Jeschke et al (WO 03/010155).

Jeschke et al disclose the claimed 9-keto spinosyn (pages 3-4).

Claim12 and 19-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for an amino sugar of the formula 1a to 1g as set forth on pages 5-6 of the specification, does not reasonably provide enablement for any amino sugar. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

A conclusion of lack of enablement means that, based on the evidence regarding each of the factors below, the specification, at the time the application was filed, would not have taught one skilled in the art how to make and/or use the full scope of the claimed invention without undue experimentation.

(A) The breadth of the claims.

The present claims encompass all amino sugars, including those, for example, disclosed in column 2 of the U.S. Patent No. 4,062,950.

(B) The level of predictability in the art.

The terminology "amino sugar" encompasses compounds have a great variation in structural formulas. In addition to the specific sugars described in the specification, the terminology "amino sugar" encompasses such sugars as disclosed in column 2 of the U.S. Patent No. 4,062,950. A person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the claimed invention was made would have a good reason to doubt that amino sugars disclosed in the U.S. Patent No. 4,062,950, which have structural formulas different from the amino sugars disclosed in the present specification, would result in compounds having the desired activity and properties.

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(C) The amount of direction provided by the inventor.

The inventor has not provided any direction on how to chose amino sugars other than those described on pages 5 and 6 of the specification.

(D) The existence of working examples.

The working examples are limited to the amino sugars set forth on pages 5-6 of the specification.

(E) The quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure.

Because there is no way to predict a prior which other amino sugars will result in compounds useful for controlling pests, it would take an undue amount of trial and error to determine which additional amino sugars, besides those disclosed, will result in a useful compound.

Claims 13-18 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elli Peselev whose telephone number is (571) 272-0659. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.00-4.30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shaojia Jiang can be reached on (571) 272-0627. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Elli Peselev

ELLI PESELEV
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GROUP 1200